## The Liturgical Year

RY FEBRUARY The Liturgical Year is an annual cycle of seasons & feasts ORDINAR) TIME HRISTMA that celebrates the Paschal Mystery, especially focusing & PIPHAN LENT on Christ's Death & Resurrection (Easter), 4 ADVENT & Birth (Christmas). NOVEMBER EASTER Christ the King Liturgical It is meant to draw us into the Mystery of Christ, Pentecos helping us to experience His divine life more fully and deeply. ORDINARY TIME This includes remembering & celebrating the lives of the SEPTEMBER saints, especially Mary, the Mother of God. TR BEGINS **ENDS** LENGTH **SEASON** 4th Sunday 22 - 28 days Advent December 24 before Dec. 25 (4 Sundays) Immaculate Conception - Dec. 8 Baptism of the Lord 16 - 22 days Christmas December 25 (3rd Sunday after Dec. 25) (4 Sundays) Christmas - Dec. 25 Mary Mother of God - Jan. 1 Monday after Tuesday before **Ordinary** Time varies Baptism of the Lord Ash Wednesday Ash Wednesday Wednesday before 40 ish days Lent (46 Days before Easter) Easter (6 Sundays) Sundown on the Triduum Sundown on Easter 3 days Thursday before Easter Sunday following the Pentecost 50 days Easter Paschal full moon \* (7th Sunday after Easter) (8 Sundays) Ascension of the Lord - 40 Days after Easter varies Saturday before Monday after **Ordinary Time** (34 Sundays Pentecost Advent combined OT) Assumption of Mary - Aug. 15 All Saints Day - Nov. 1 NOTE: Holy Days of Obligation are listed in italics www.usccb.org/calendar www.romcal.net

\* Pascal full moon - The full moon that falls on or after the vernal (spring) equinox.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SvVnqDsv07c https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z1ZiJlWVusk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EXTGUBSmuq4